

PLEASE DO NOT STAPLE IN THIS AREA	Sample CMS-1500 Paper Claim Form for TESTOPEL®: COMMERCIAL INSURANCE	
HEALTH INSURANCE CLAIM FORM PICA →		
1. MEDICARE MEDICAID CHAMPUS CHAMPVA GROUP FECA OTHER 1a. INSURED'S I.D. NUMBER (FOR PROGRAM IN ITEM 1) [Medicare #) [Medicaid #) [Sponsor's SSN] (VA File #) [SSN or ID] (SSN) [(ID) 4. INSURED'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial) 2. PATIENT'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial) 3. PATIENT'S BIRTH DATE SEX [MM DD YY] SEX [MM DD YY] 4. INSURED'S NAME (Last Name, First Name, Middle Initial)		
5. PATIENT'S ADDRESS (No., Street) 6. PATIENT RELATIONSHIP TO INSURED 7. INSURED'S ADDRESS (No., Street)		
CITY STATE 8. PATIENT STATU Single		
ZIP	TAME	
SAMPLE This sample represents how your patient's commercial insurer is likely to require completion of claim forms for TESTOPEL® and CPT® code 11980. This sample form is not intended to replace or modify your insurer's policy, and use of this form does		
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completion of claim forms for TESTOPEL® and CPT® code 11980 . This sample form		
part of the clinical decision, and each provider is responsible for selecting the billing		
codes that most accurately describe the services provided and for adhering to all payor		
guidance. Information is subject to change. This sample claim form does not represent		
any clinical or treatment recommendation.		
	+	
14. DATE OF CURRENT: ILLNESS (First symptom) OR INJURY (Accident) OR GIVE FIRST DATE PREGNANCY(LIMP)	SAME OR SIMILAR ILLNESS. 16. DATES PATIENT UNABLE TO WORK IN CURRENT OCCUPATION IN DD YY FROM DD YY TO	
17. NAME OF REFERRING PHYSICIAN OR OTHER SOURCE 17a. I.D. NUMBER OF REFERRING PHYSICIAN 18. HOSPITALIZATION DATES RELATED TO CURRENT SERVICES MM DD YY MM DD YY FROM TO TO TO		
19. RESERVED FOR LOCAL USE 20. OUTSIDE LAB? \$ CHARGES		
ICD-10 Dx Codes most commonly associated with TESTOPEL®: YES NO		
E29.1 Testicular hypofunction 1. L	CODE ORIGINAL REF. NO.	
E29.9 Testicular dysfunction, unspecified 23. PRIOR AUTHORIZATION NUMBER		
24. A DATE(S) OF SERVICE TO OF	E	
From To of of (Explain Unusual Circumsta MM DD YY MM DD YY Service Service CPT/HCPCS MODIFIER	POINTER \$ CHARGES OR Family EMG COB LOCAL USE VIEW Plan Pointer Services	
1 09 01 16 09 01 16 11 S0189 Testos 75mg		
2 09 01 16 09 01 16 11 11980	1 XXX XX 1	
	1 XXX XX 1	
Subcutaneous hormone pellet implantation (in		
of testosterone pellets beneath the skin)	Name of the second of the seco	
5	PHYSICIAN	
25. FEDERAL TAX I.D. NUMBER SSN EIN 26. PATIENT'S ACCOUNT NO.	27. ACCEPT ASSIGNMENT? (For govt. claims, see back) 28. TOTAL CHARGE 29. AMOUNT PAID 30. BALANCE DUE	
31. SIGNATURE OF PHYSICIAN OR SUPPLIER 32. NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILI		
INCLUDING DEGREES OR CREDENTIALS (I certify that the statements on the reverse apply to this bill and are made a part thereof.)		
SIGNED DATE PIN# GRP#		
(APPROVED BY AMA COUNCIL ON MEDICAL SERVICE 8/88) PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE APPROVED OMB-0938-0008 FORM CMS-1500 (12/90), FORM RRB-1500, APPROVED OMB-1215-0055 FORM OWCP-1500, APPROVED OMB-0720-0001 (CHAMPUS)		

INDICATION

MALES

Androgens are indicated for replacement therapy in conditions associated with a deficiency or absence of endogenous testosterone.

- a. Primary hypogonadism (congenital or acquired) testicular failure due to cryptorchidism, bilateral torsion, orchitis, vanishing testes syndrome; or orchiectomy
- b. Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism (congenital or acquired) gonadotropic LHRH deficiency, or pituitary - hypothalamic injury from tumors, trauma or radiation

Safety and efficacy of TESTOPEL® in men with "age-related hypogonadism" have not been established.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION ABOUT TESTOPEL®

CONTRAINDICATIONS

- Androgens are contraindicated in men with carcinomas of the breast or with known or suspected carcinomas of the prostate
- If administered to pregnant women, androgens cause virilization of the external genitalia of the female fetus. If the patient becomes pregnant while taking these drugs, she should be apprised of the potential hazard to the fetus

WARNINGS

- In patients with breast cancer, androgen therapy may cause hypercalcemia by stimulating osteolysis. In this case, the drug should be discontinued
- Prolonged use of high doses of androgens has been associated with the development of peliosis hepatis (which can be a life-threatening or fatal complication) and hepatic neoplasms including hepatocellular carcinoma
- Men treated with androgens may be at an increased risk for the development of prostatic hypertrophy and prostatic carcinoma
- There have been postmarketing reports of venous thromboembolic events (VTE), including deep vein thrombosis (DVT) and pulmonary embolism (PE), in patients using testosterone products, such as TESTOPEL®. Evaluate patients who report symptoms of DVT or PE. If a VTE is suspected, discontinue treatment with TESTOPEL® and initiate appropriate workup and management
- Some postmarketing studies have shown an increased risk of major adverse cardiovascular events (MACE) with use of testosterone replacement therapy. Patients should be informed of this possible risk when deciding to use or to continue to use TESTOPEL®
- Testosterone has been subject to abuse, typically at doses higher than recommended for the approved indication and in combination with other anabolic steroids. Anabolic androgenic steroid abuse can lead to serious cardiovascular and psychiatric adverse reactions. If testosterone abuse is suspected, check serum testosterone concentrations to ensure that they are within therapeutic range. However, testosterone levels may be in the normal or subnormal range in men abusing synthetic testosterone derivatives. Counsel patients concerning the serious adverse reactions associated with abuse of testosterone and anabolic androgenic steroids. Conversely, consider the possibility of testosterone and androgenic steroid abuse in suspected patients who present with serious cardiovascular or psychiatric adverse events
- Edema with or without congestive heart failure may be a serious complication in patients with preexisting cardiac, renal, or hepatic disease.
 In addition to discontinuation of the drug, diuretic therapy may be required

- Gynecomastia frequently develops in patients and occasionally persists in patients being treated for hypogonadism
- Postmarketing cases associate TESTOPEL® insertion with implant site infection (cellulitis and abscess) and/or pellet extrusion. Infection and/or extrusion can occur at any time and may require further treatment
- This drug has not been shown to be safe and effective for the enhancement
 of athletic performance. Because of the potential risk for serious adverse
 health effects, this drug should not be used for such purpose

PRECAUTIONS

 There is less flexibility for dosage adjustment compared to oral, intramuscular, or aqueous suspension. Surgical removal may be required if testosterone therapy is discontinued

ADVERSE REACTIONS

- Side effects reported with the use of TESTOPEL® include: excessive frequency and duration of penile erections, hirsutism, oligospermia at high doses, nausea, cholestatic jaundice, rare hepatic neoplasms, increased serum cholesterol, acne, acceleration of bone maturation without compensatory gain in linear growth in children, male pattern baldness, alterations in liver function tests, suppression of clotting factors, bleeding in patients on concomitant anticoagulation therapy, polycythemia, fluid and electrolyte disturbances, increased or decreased libido, headache, anxiety, depression, generalized paresthesia, edema, and/or prostate enlargement accompanied by difficulty urinating
- TESTOPEL® insertion may cause pain at the site of subcutaneous implantation of pellets and is rarely associated with anaphylactoid reactions

DRUG ABUSE AND DEPENDENCE

- Abuse and misuse of testosterone are seen in male and female adults and adolescents. Testosterone, often in combination with other anabolic androgenic steroids, may be abused by athletes and bodybuilders
- Serious adverse reactions have been reported in individuals who abuse anabolic androgenic steroids, and include cardiac arrest, myocardial infarction, hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, congestive heart failure, cerebrovascular accident, hepatotoxicity, and serious psychiatric manifestations, including major depression, mania, paranoia, psychosis, delusions, hallucinations, hostility, and aggression
- The following adverse reactions have been reported in men: transient ischemic attacks, convulsions, hypomania, irritability, dyslipidemia, testicular atrophy, subfertility, and infertility
- The following adverse reactions have been reported in women: hirsutism, virilization, deepening of voice, clitoral enlargement, breast atrophy, male-pattern baldness, and menstrual irregularities
- The following adverse reactions have been reported in male and female adolescents: premature closure of bony epiphyses with termination of growth, and precocious puberty
- Withdrawal symptoms can be experienced upon abrupt discontinuation in patients with addiction. Withdrawal symptoms include depressed mood, major depression, fatigue, craving, restlessness, irritability, anorexia, insomnia, decreased libido, and hypogonadotropic hypogonadism. Drug dependence in individuals using approved doses for approved indications have not been documented.

Please click here for full Prescribing Information.



